AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing gypsum board, comprising:

applying compressed air to <u>a first inlet of</u> an input end of a tube, <u>thereby</u> <u>creating a suction</u>, <u>which draws foaming agent in through a secondary inlet of the input end of the tube and forms a mixture of the compressed air and the foaming <u>agent</u>, wherein the tube includes the input end, an output end, and a venturi located between the input end and the output end;</u>

admitting foaming agent to the input end of the tube so as to form a mixture of the compressed air and the foaming agent;

passing the mixture through the venturi and out the output end, thereby generating a foam;

combining the <u>mixture foam</u> with gypsum and water to form a gypsum slurry; and

casting the gypsum slurry onto a continuous web for forming a gypsum board.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein a diameter of the tube decreases between the input end and a region in the tube upstream of the venturi.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the diameter decreases gradually over a distance of greater than or equal to about six inches.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing gypsum board, comprising:

applying compressed air to <u>a first inlet of</u> an input end of a tube, <u>thereby</u> creating a suction, which draws foaming agent in through a secondary inlet of the input end of the tube and forms a mixture of the compressed air and the foaming agent, wherein the tube includes the input end, an output end, and a tapered region

between the input end and the output end, wherein a diameter of the tube decreases in the downstream direction in the tapered region;

admitting a foaming agent to the input end of the tube so as to form a mixture of the compressed air and the foaming agent;

passing the mixture through the tapered region and out the output end, thereby generating a foam;

combining the <u>mixture foam</u> with gypsum and water to form a gypsum slurry; and

casting the gypsum slurry onto a continuous web for forming a gypsum board.

- 5. (Original) The method of claim 4, further comprising a venturi in the tube between the tapered region and the output end.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of adjusting a size of bubbles in the mixture output from the tube by adjusting a pressure of the air applied to the tube.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the foaming agent is a nonprotenaceous surfactant.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the interior of the tube is substantially smooth between the input end and the output end.
 - 9. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for manufacturing gypsum board, comprising:
- a foam generator including a tube having an input end, an output end, and a venturi located between the input end and the output end;
 - a mixer for mixing gypsum powder and water into a gypsum slurry;
- a passage for delivering the gypsum slurry to a facing sheet on a conveyor; and
- a conduit for delivering foam from the foam generator to either the mixer or a portion of the apparatus between the mixer and the conveyor.

- 10. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 9, wherein a diameter of the tube decreases in a region in the tube upstream of the venturi.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 10, wherein the diameter decreases gradually over a distance of greater than or equal to about six inches.
- 12. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for manufacturing gypsum board, comprising: a foam generator including a tube having an input end, an output end, and a tapered region located between the input end and the output end;
 - a mixer for mixing gypsum powder and water into a gypsum slurry;
 - a passage for delivering the gypsum slurry to a facing sheet on a conveyor;
- a conduit for delivering foam from the foam generator to either the mixer or a portion of the apparatus between the mixer and the conveyor.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the interior of the tube is substantially smooth between the input end and the output end.